

# The Good, Good Father

Luke 15:11-32  
July 16 & 17, 2022

Intro:

- A parable is “an \_\_\_\_\_ story with a \_\_\_\_\_ meaning”.
- A parable takes something that is \_\_\_\_\_ (a simple story or word picture) and uses it to illustrate something that is not so well \_\_\_\_\_ . (Isa. 6:9,10)
- By teaching in parables, Jesus both \_\_\_\_\_ the hearts of the spiritually sensitive and \_\_\_\_\_ the minds of the spiritually hardened. ((Luke 15:11-32)

1. The Good, Good Father is not \_\_\_\_\_ with His inheritance
  - Neither is our Heavenly Father \_\_\_\_\_ toward us. (Eph. 1:13,14,18; Col. 1:12; 3:24; Heb. 9:15; 1 Pet. 1:3-4)
  - He readily gave his inheritance to \_\_\_\_\_ . (v.12b)
2. The Good, Good Father had an \_\_\_\_\_ son (v.13)
3. The Good, Good Father had a \_\_\_\_\_ son (v.14-16)
4. The Good, Good Father had a \_\_\_\_\_ son (v.17,18,21)
5. The Good, Good Father had a \_\_\_\_\_ son (19,20)
6. The Good, Good Father \_\_\_\_\_ the return of his son. (v.20a)
7. The Good, Good Father possessed \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ for His wayward son. (v.20b,c)
8. The Good, Good Father was ready to \_\_\_\_\_ His son's \_\_\_\_\_ (v.22-24)
9. The Good, Good Father would not allow His \_\_\_\_\_ to be \_\_\_\_\_ by the self-righteous son. (v.25-30)
10. The Good, Good Father recognizes that \_\_\_\_\_ fellowship and favored standing with Him is sufficient \_\_\_\_\_ (v.31,32)