

Theology and Doctrines

The Trinity

1. One of the basic doctrines in the Bible is the Trinity. The word Trinity is _____ in the _____ and was _____ used by the early Church Father, Tertullian (AD 155 – 200) to describe our God.

2. The definition of the Trinity is, “There is one God who eternally exists as three _____ – Father, Son, and Holy Spirit – who are each fully and equally _____.”

3. God _____ God, He is the _____ God.
Deuteronomy 4:35, 39, 6:4-5, 32:39; 1 Samuel 2:2, 7:22; 1 Kings 8:60; Isaiah 37:29, 43:10-11, 44:6, 45:5, 21-22, 46:9-10; 1 Timothy 1:17; 1 Corinthians 8:4-6.

4. God _____ in the form of _____ distinct _____.
Matthew 28:19-20, 3:16-17; Revelation 4:2-3, 5-6, 5:1-2, 6-9, 11-13, 21-22.

5. Each _____ of the Trinity is _____ God all having the _____ of God of eternity, omniscience, omnipotence, and omnipresence. **John 1:1-4, 5:18-24; Acts 1:8; John 8:58, 10:30, 37-38; Acts 20:28, 5:3-4; Philippians 2:10-11; Colossians 2:9-10; 1 Timothy 6:14-16; Titus 2:13; Hebrews 1:8; Revelation 1:8, 19:16-17.**

6. The Father, Jesus Christ, and the Holy Spirit are _____ in purpose, one in _____, one in _____, and one in essence. **1 John 4:16.**
 -This _____ of the trinity is _____ in its expression in their _____ to one another. **John 10:30; Genesis 2:24.**
 -The greatest _____ that was paid by God for our _____ was the _____ of this infinite oneness while Jesus hung on the cross.
Matthew 27:46.

7. The Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit have _____.
- They had distinct roles in _____ the heavens and the _____.
Genesis 1:1-2, 26; Colossians 1:15-17.
 - They have distinct _____ in our _____.
1 Peter 1:2-4; Galatians 4:4-6.
8. There is an emphasis in the Bible made on the primary _____ of each _____ of the _____ now.
- The _____ is _____ everything from His _____ in heaven. **Psalm 11:4; 1 Kings 22:19; Revelation 4:2-3.**
- _____ is seated at the _____ hand of the Father _____ with Him. **Luke 22:69; Ephesians 1:20-21.**
 - The _____ is living _____ of every _____ and follower of Jesus. **1 Corinthians 6:19; John 14:17; Acts 1:8; Romans 8:9.**
9. The Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit have a _____ of _____ and _____ even though they are infinitely unified and loving toward one another. **John 17:3-5, 1-5, 14:26, 15:26; Luke 22:41-42.**
10. _____ appears in the Old Testament as the “_____ of the Lord”, the _____ manifestations of God. **Exodus 3:2-6; Genesis 16:7-13, 22:11-12; Numbers 22:22; Judges 6:22**
11. We are created in the image and likeness of God, the Trinity so we are created with a very _____ need for _____, and _____ with others.
- We cannot _____ any degree of true _____ on our own without _____ from others by God’s design. **Hebrews 10:24-25.**
 - The _____ is the _____ of Christ and the _____ of Christ;

we are forever _____ at the right hand of _____.

Revelation 3:21-22; Genesis 2:18.

-Our love for _____ is our love for His _____ and our commitment to _____ is our commitment to His _____.

-Investing our life, time, money, and energy into making our _____ healthy brings the ultimate of _____ in this life and _____ at the Judgment Seat of Christ. **1 Corinthians 3:10-15.**

-Anybody causing lack of _____ or _____ in their church is in _____ . **1 Corinthians 3:16-17.**

-We resist being _____ to God-ordained _____ because of pride, but even in the Trinity a relationship of authority and submission was _____ for the sake of _____. **Hebrews 13:17.**

12. One of the heresies taught concerning the Trinity is “ _____”.

-Modalism teaches that God is _____ Father, Son, and Holy Spirit; He is not _____ Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

-The largest group that holds this doctrine is the _____.

13. Another heresy is called “ _____” taught by an early church leader named _____, and condemned as heresy by the Council of Nicaea in AD 325.

14. _____ teaches that Jesus is _____ God but that He is the highest _____ being by God.

15. _____ is the official doctrine of the _____ who teach that Jesus is the Old Testament angel _____, and that the Holy Spirit is a _____ force of Jehovah.

16. _____ is the view of _____ and teaches that the trinity consists of three equal, independent, and autonomous beings none of who are _____.

-They also teach that Jesus and the Holy Spirit are not _____ to the Father but spirit _____ along with _____.

- _____ also teaches that there are many _____ of many worlds.

These three are just the _____ of this world, the _____ that we relate to.